This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

Claims 1-31 (canceled).

Claim 32 (original): A rapidly solidified alloy having a composition represented by the general formula: $(Fe_{1-m}T_m)_{100-x-y-z-n}Q_xR_yTi_zM_n$, where T is at least one element selected from the group consisting of Co and Ni; Q is at least one element selected from the group consisting of B and C; R is a rare earth element; and M is at least one element selected from the group consisting of Al, Si, V, Cr, Mn, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, Zr, Nb, Mo, Hf, Ta, W, Pt, Pb, Au and Ag, the mole fractions x, y, z, m and n satisfying the inequalities of:

$10 \text{ at\%} < x \leqq 20 \text{ at\%}$;

$6 \text{ at\%} \leqq y < 10 \text{ at\%}$;

$0.5 \text{ at\%} \leqq z \leqq 6 \text{ at\%}$;

$0 \leqq m \leqq 0.5$; and

$0 \text{ at\%} \leqq n \leqq 5 \text{ at\%}$, respectively,

wherein the alloy has a thickness of between about 50 μm and about 200 μm, and

wherein in the alloy, a crystal structure is located on each of two surfaces thereof that cross a thickness direction approximately at right angles.

Claim 33 (original): The alloy of claim 32, wherein the crystal structure comprises:

a ferromagnetic boride phase with an average crystal grain size of between about 1 nm and about 50 nm; and

an $R_2Fe_{14}B$ phase with an average crystal grain size of between about 20 nm and about 200 nm.

Claim 34 (original): The alloy of claim 32, wherein an amorphous portion is interposed between the crystal structures on the two surfaces.

Claim 35 (original): The alloy of claim 34, wherein a thickness of the alloy is about 80 μm or more.

Claim 36 (original): A rapidly solidified alloy having a composition represented by the general formula: $(Fe_{1-m}T_m)_{100-x-y-z-n}Q_xR_yTi_zM_n$, where T is at least one element selected from the group consisting of Co and Ni; Q is at least one element selected from the group consisting of B and C; R is a rare earth element; and M is at least one element selected from the group consisting of Al, Si, V, Cr, Mn, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, Zr, Nb, Mo, Hf, Ta, W, Pt, Pb, Au and Ag, the mole fractions x, y, z, m and n satisfying the inequalities of:

$10 \text{ at\%} < x \leqq 20 \text{ at\%}$;

$6 \text{ at\%} \leqq y < 10 \text{ at\%}$;

$0.5 \text{ at\%} \leqq z \leqq 6 \text{ at\%}$;

$0 \leqq m \leqq 0.5$; and

$0 \text{ at\%} \leqq n \leqq 5 \text{ at\%}$, respectively,

wherein the alloy has a thickness of between about 60 μm and about 150 μm, and

wherein the alloy has a recoil permeability of between about 1.1 and about 2.

Claim 37 (original): A magnet powder having a composition represented by the general formula: $(Fe_{1-m}T_m)_{100-x-y-z-n}Q_xR_yTi_zM_n$, where T is at least one element selected

from the group consisting of Co and Ni; Q is at least one element selected from the group consisting of B and C; R is a rare earth element; and M is at least one element selected from the group consisting of Al, Si, V, Cr, Mn, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, Zr, Nb, Mo, Hf, Ta, W, Pt, Pb, Au and Ag, the mole fractions x, y, z, m and n satisfying the inequalities of:

$10 \text{ at\%} < x \leqq 20 \text{ at\%}$;

$6 \text{ at\%} \leqq y < 10 \text{ at\%}$;

$0.5 \text{ at\%} \leqq z \leqq 6 \text{ at\%}$;

$0 \leqq m \leqq 0.5$; and

$0 \text{ at\%} \leqq n \leqq 5 \text{ at\%}$, respectively,

wherein the powder has a mean particle size of between about 60 μm and about 110 μm, and

wherein a ratio of a major-axis dimension of the powder to a minor-axis dimension thereof is between about 0.3 and about 1, and

wherein the powder has a coercivity H_{cJ} of about 600 kA/m or more.